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(52) UK CL (Edition R)

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(56) Documents Cited

GB 2322292 A US 4637089 A  
PAJ ABSTRACT OF JP620108213 A (SUMITOMO)  
19.05.87

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ONLINE: WPI, EPODOC, JAPIO

017 U.S. PAT.  
09/997570  
11/29/01

(54) Abstract Title

Cleaning tool for optical fibre connector

(57) A Cleaning tool for insertion into a optical fibre connector comprises a bar stem 1 and a support for cleaning 2 which is thinner than the bar stem 1 and formed integrally with the bar stem in series in a longitudinal direction. The outside of the support 2 is covered with a cleaning cloth 3 made of ultra fine filament bundle, having a fibre size of 0.1 denier or less. The support and bar stem may be made of polyamide resin and glass short fibre.

FIG. 1(A)

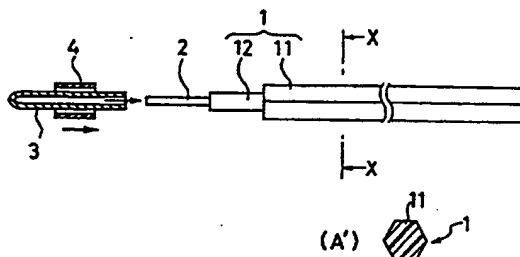


FIG. 1(B)

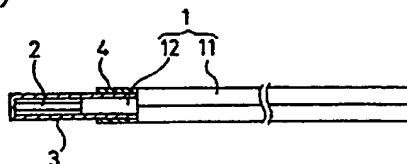
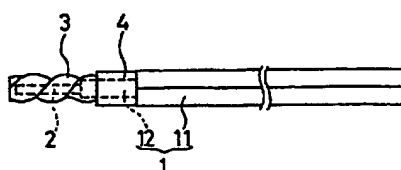


FIG. 1(C)



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FIG. 1(A)

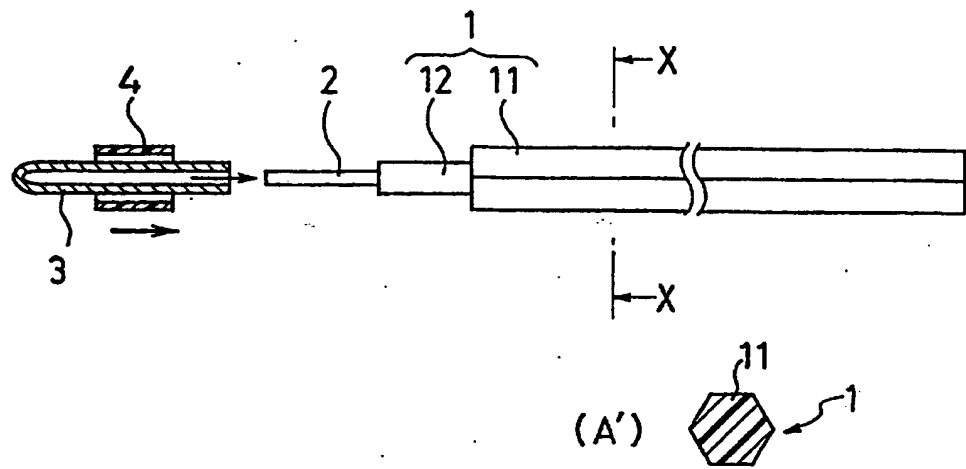


FIG. 1(B)

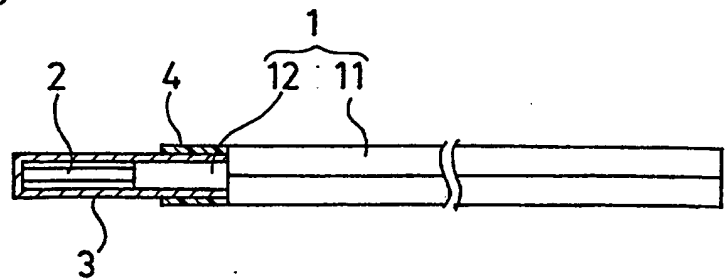


FIG. 1(C)

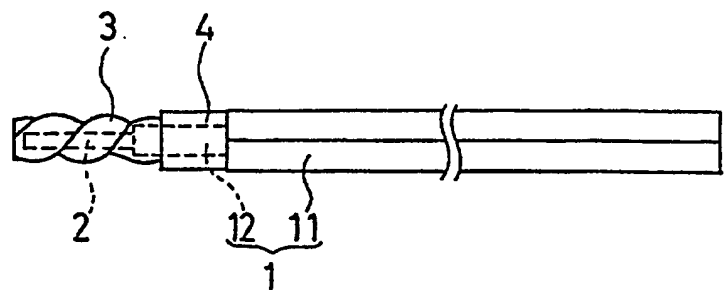


FIG. 2

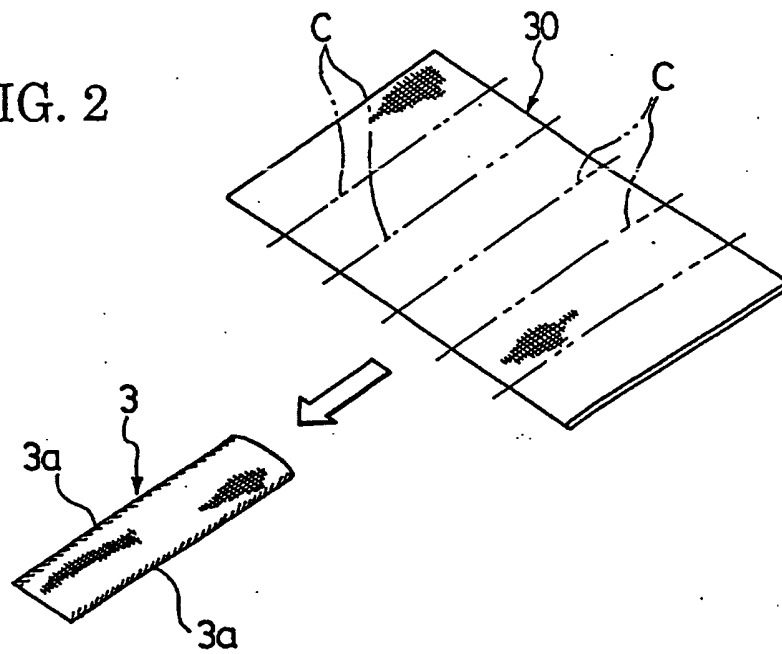


FIG. 3(A)

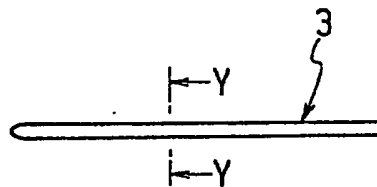


FIG. 3(B)

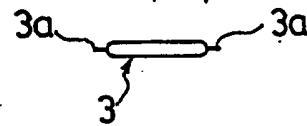


FIG. 4(A)

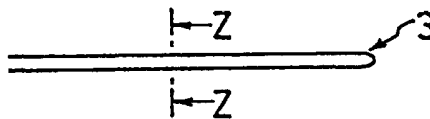


FIG. 4(B)

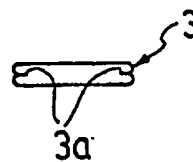


FIG. 5

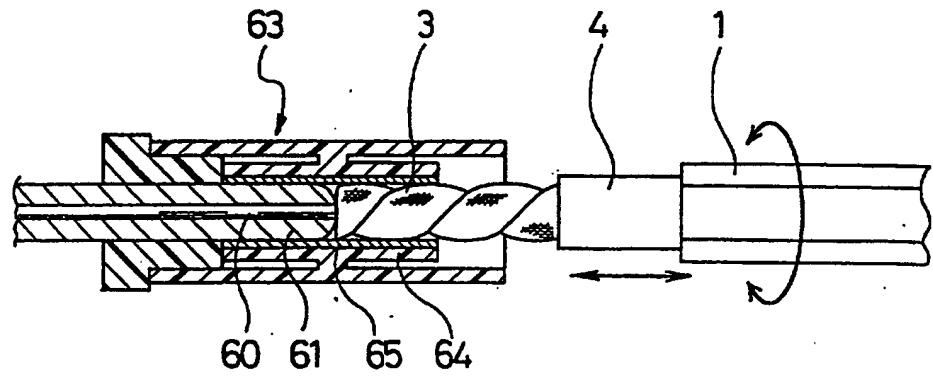
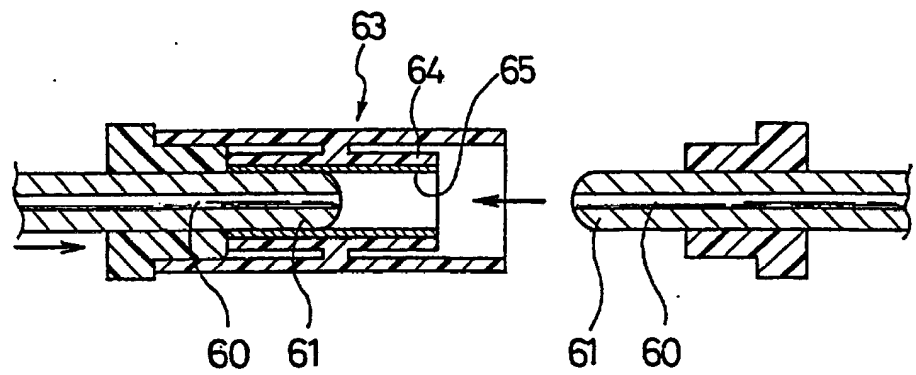


FIG. 6



CLEANING TOOL FOR OPTICAL FIBER CONNECTOR

## Background of the Invention:

The present invention concerns a cleaning tool for optical fiber connector, and more particularly a cleaning tool for optical fiber connector  
5 appropriate for the connector of small diameter optical fiber for branching.

Fig. 6 shows an example of optical fiber connector 63 for connecting mutually ends of two optical fibers 60, 60. Respective optical fiber 60 is protected by being inserted in the core of a hollow cylindrical ferrule 61 in a way to expose a tip thereof from the end face of this ferrule 61. Moreover,  
10 the optical fiber connector 63 is composed to provide a cylindrical housing 64 inside, and to insert a metal split sleeve 65 in this housing 64.

For connecting mutually ends of two optical fibers 60, 60 using the optical fiber connector 63, first, the end of the ferrule 61 of one optical fiber 60 is inserted in one end of the split sleeve 65 of the optical fiber connector  
15 63, then the end of the ferrule 61 of the other optical fiber 60 is inserted in the other end, to make end faces of both optical fibers 60, 60 and ferrules 61,61 into mutual close contact.

In general, the end faces of optical fiber 60 and ferrule 61 are cleaned in advance before insertion in to the optical fiber connector 63;  
20 moreover, as shown in Fig. 6, when one optical fiber 60 and ferrule 61 are inserted in one end (left end in Fig. 6) of the split sleeve 65 and, in this state, the other optical fiber 60 and ferrule 61 are inserted in the other end (right end in Fig. 6) of the split sleeve 65, the right hollow portion of the split sleeve 65 is cleaned necessarily before the insertion, and the end faces  
25 of the optical fiber 60 and the ferrule 61 already inserted in the left side and the inner wall surface of the hollow portion of the split sleeve 65 should be cleaned out.

If such cleaning is not performed and oil or dust is deposited on the end face of the optical fiber 60 or the ferrule 61, light may not be transmitted after the connection, or gap generation may cause connection loss or reflection loss. Besides, because oil or dust deposited on the inner  
5 wall surface of the split sleeve 65 may shift the optical axis of both optical fibers and provoke connection loss.

Conventionally, as a means for cleaning the split sleeve inner wall surface of the optical fiber connector, or the end face of the optical fiber and the ferrule further inside thereof as mentioned above, a cleaning tool as  
10 described in the Japanese Utility Model Publication No. 2530291 has been proposed. This cleaning tool, composed by attaching an elastic element to the tip on a supporting stem, and covering the outside of this elastic element with ultra fine fabric cleaning cloth, cleans up something by introducing a cleaning portion of this cleaning cloth into the split sleeve  
15 and turning or moving reciprocating back and forth. The structure provided with elastic element is alleged to allow an effective application of the cleaning cloth surface to the ferrule end face, so as to clean up surely.

Though this cleaning tool is effective for cleaning an optical fiber connector for artery optical fiber of which ferrule outer diameter is 2.5 mm,  
20 the diameter of the supporting stem should be reduced to 1 mm or less in order to be used for the cleaning of the optical fiber connector for branch optical fiber in which the ferrule outer diameter is half, i.e. 1.25mm. As a consequence, the reduction of the root side diameter of the supporting stem pinched by fingers to afford rotation or reciprocating motion also causes to  
25 deteriorate its rigidity, and to flex easily during the cleaning operation; so it can not afford rotation or reciprocating motion to the cleaning cloth side and the cleaning can not be performed completely.

As a countermeasure thereof, it has been proposed a cleaning tool wherein only an elastic element made of urethane or the like is attached to the tip of the supporting stem in place of using a cleaning cloth of said cleaning tool, to increase the outer diameter of the stem by the cleaning  
5 cloth thickness. However, the lack of this cleaning cloth makes the cleaning effect of this cleaning tool insufficient, and moreover, the elastic element deterioration produces powder dust.

Another cleaning tool without cleaning cloth is also proposed wherein the supporting stem is made as straw like tube, this straw like  
10 tube is filled with fiber, which is exposed at the tip. However, this cleaning tool is not practical, because it cleans only the tip of the optical fiber and the ferrule and can not clean the inner wall surface of the split sleeve.

#### Summary of the Invention

Therefore, the object of the present invention is to provide a  
15 cleaning tool for optical fiber connector that can clean effectively, even if it is designed for an optical fiber connector of reduced inner diameter.

To attain said object, the cleaning tool for optical fiber connector of the present invention is characterized by that a bar form stem and a support thinner than the bar form stem in thickness are molded with resin  
20 integrally in series in the longitudinal direction, and the outside of said support is covered with cleaning cloth made of ultra fine filament bundle presenting the filament fiber size of 0.1 denier or less.

Thus, as only the support to be covered with cleaning cloth is made thinner, while the root to be pinched with fingers to afford rotational or  
25 reciprocating motion is kept thick as bar form stem, flexion or bending will not occur easily during the cleaning operation including rotational or reciprocating motion, exhibiting an excellent cleaning effect.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings:

Figs. 1(A), (B) and (C) are process diagrams illustrating the manufacturing process of a cleaning tool for optical fiber connector according to an embodiment of the present invention;

5           Fig. 1(A') is a section along the line X-X in Fig. 1(A);

Fig. 2 is an illustrative drawing showing an example of method for processing a cleaning cloth used for the present invention into a bag form;

Fig. 3 (A) is a longitudinal section of bag form cleaning cloth used for the present invention;

10           Fig. 3 (B) is a section along the line Y-Y in Fig. 3(A);

Fig. 4 (A) is a longitudinal section of reversed bag form cleaning cloth of Figs. 3 (A), (B).

Fig. 4 (B) is a section along the line Z-Z in Fig. 4(A);

15           Fig. 5 is a longitudinal section showing the cleaning situation of an optical fiber connector by means of a cleaning tool for optical fiber connector of the present invention; and

Fig. 6 is a longitudinal section showing an example for connecting two ferrule protected optical fibers with an optical fiber connector.

#### Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

20           In Figs. 1 (A) to (C), Fig. 1 (A) shows respective components of a cleaning tool for optical fiber connector in the separated state before the assembly, 1 being a bar form stem, 2 a support, 3 a cleaning cloth made of ultra fine filament bundle, and 4 a fixed tube made of heat shrinkable resin.

25           The bar form stem 1 and the support 2 are formed integrally from fiber reinforced resin so as to connect them in series in the longitudinal direction. Besides, the bar form stem 1 is formed into a stepped



configuration made of a thick body 11 having a hexagonal cross-section and an auxiliary portion 12 having a circular cross-section smaller than this body 11 in thickness.

The outside of the support 2 is covered with a cleaning cloth 3  
5 processed into a bag form as shown in Fig. 1 (B), and moreover, the terminal end of the cleaning cloth 3 extends up to the auxiliary portion 12 of the bar form stem 1, the outer circumference of the terminal end thereof is covered with a fixed tube 4 of heat shrinkable resin, and then shrink-fixed by heat treatment. In this embodiment, when the fixed tube 4 is fixed  
10 by heat shrinking, a helical torsion bias is applied to the bag form cleaning cloth 3, for realizing a cleaning tool for optical fiber connector of the form shown in Fig. 1 (C).

In this invention, the resin used for integral molding of the bar form stem 1 and the support 2 is not particularly limited. It is preferable  
15 that the resin flexural strength is equal or superior to  $1300 \text{ kg/cm}^2$  to assure a sufficient cleaning by inserting into an optical fiber connector of small inner diameter. However, the flexural strength is preferably equal or inferior to  $2800 \text{ kg/cm}^2$ , because if the flexural strength is so high to break the cloth made of ultra fine filament bundle having a filament fiber size of  
20 0.1-denier or less, the connector of small inner diameter can not be cleaned up. The flexural strength is preferably 1400 to  $2700 \text{ kg/cm}^2$ , and more preferably 1500 to  $2600 \text{ kg/cm}^2$ . Here, the flexural strength is the one determined according to ASTM D790.

Resins that can be used include polyamide, polyester, polyethylene,  
25 polypropylene or other thermoplastic resins. It is preferable to fill these thermoplastic resins with glass fiber, carbon fiber or other reinforcing fiber to maintain the aforementioned flexural strength, even when the support 2

is made thinner. Especially, fiber reinforced resin made by the combination of polyamide resin and glass short fiber.

When the support 2 for holding the cleaning cloth 3 is molded from fiber reinforced resin, it can maintain enough rigidity and strength even  
5 when it is so small that its diameter is 1 mm or less, support the cleaning cloth 3 without deformation, and thus assure an excellent cleaning effect.

Moreover, it is preferable that the outer diameter of the support 2 is 1 mm or less in diameter, so that it can correspond to the cleaning of optical fiber connector for branch optical fiber whose ferrule outer  
10 diameter is 1.25mm. Besides, it is preferable to form the body 11 of the bar form stem 1 into a polygonal cross-section, having its minimum cross-section width 2.5mm or more. Thus, the cleaning operation including rotational or reciprocating motion of the cooling tool for optical fiber connector can be further improved, by making its cross-section polygonal  
15 and/or making its minimum cross-section width 2.5 mm or more.

The cleaning cloth used for the present invention is made of a cloth using ultra fine filament bundle having a filament fiber size of 0.1-denier or less. The filament fiber size is preferably 0.08-denier or less, or more preferably, 0.06-denier or less. Moreover, preferably, ultra fine filament  
20 bundle having filament fiber size of 0.1-denier or less is twisted, and plain fabrics using this twisted yarn as warp and/or weft may be used.

The twisting of ultra fine filament bundle affords softness to the cleaning cloth, allowing to apply the cleaning cloth to the ferrule end face, and thus to assure a complete cleaning. The cleaning cloth made of ultra  
25 fine filament bundle can capture ultra fine particles of oil or dust between filaments during wiping operation, exhibiting extremely high cleaning effect.

As a method for processing the cleaning cloth into a bag to cover the support, it can be processed more easily by cutting a cloth made of ultra fine filament bundle into a band shape piece, folding this band shape piece 30 into two, and cutting its top face into strips along the broken line  
5 C using a heat fusion cutter or an ultrasonic cutter.

The cleaning cloth 3 fusion cut or ultrasonic cut and processed into a bag form as aforementioned has burr like fusion welded portions 3a, 3a formed at both edges as shown in Fig. 3 (A), (B). Therefore, if the outside of the support 2 is to be covered, the cloth is advantageously reversed as  
10 shown in Fig. 4 (A), (B), to fold burr like fusion welded portions 3a, 3a into the bag before covering. In other words, the burr like fusion welded portion 3a is made as film form, without cleaning function as itself; therefore, by reversing the bag surface to the back as mentioned above, the burr like fusion welded portion 3a can be concealed inside, and at the same time, a  
15 portion containing only ultra fine filament bundle can be exposed to the cleaning surface.

To clean an optical fiber connector using the aforementioned cleaning tool for optical fiber connector, as shown in Fig. 5, it is inserted into a split sleeve 65 opposite to the other side of an optical fiber connector  
20 63 wherein a ferrule 61 holding an optical fiber 60 is inserted only into the one side, and the body 11 of the bar form stem 1 is pinched with fingers to afford rotational and reciprocating motion operation. This rotational and reciprocating motion operation allows the tip cleaning cloth 3 to clean up not only the end faces of the optical fiber 60 and the ferrule 61, but also the  
25 inner wall surface of the split sleeve 65.

Said cleaning tool for optical fiber connector can fix the cleaning cloth 3 securely so that it will not drop out from the support 2, exhibiting

an excellent cleaning effect, as the terminal end of the cleaning cloth 3 is affixed on the bar form stem 1 (auxiliary portion 12) thicker than the support 2. Besides, as the bar form stem 1 is thicker than the support 2, it can be pinched easily by fingers, to afford enough friction force to facilitate the rotational and reciprocating motion operation. Especially, as illustrated in the drawing, if the thickest body 11 has a polygonal cross-section, the friction force increases to further improve the operation efficiency.

As mentioned above, according to the present invention, the bar form stem and the support thinner than the bar form stem are made of resin integrally in series in the longitudinal direction, and the outside of said support is covered with cleaning cloth made of ultra fine filament bundle having a filament fiber size of 0.1-denier or less, to make thinner only the support to be covered with cleaning cloth, and thicker the bar form stem to be pinched with fingers to afford rotational and reciprocating motion; therefore, an excellent cleaning effect can be assured without flexing or bending easily during the cleaning operation including rotational and reciprocating motion.

## CLAIMS

1. A cleaning tool for optical fiber connector, wherein:

a bar form stem and a support thinner than the bar form stem in thickness are made of resin integrally in series in the longitudinal direction, and the  
5 outside of said support is covered with cleaning cloth made of ultra fine filament bundle having a filament fiber size of 0.1-denier or less.

2. The cleaning tool for optical fiber connector according to claim 1, wherein:

said bar form stem is formed integrally from a body and an auxiliary  
10 portion thinner than the body in thickness, and the terminal end of said cloth is fixed to the auxiliary portion .

3. The cleaning tool for optical fiber connector according to claim 1 or 2, wherein:

the bending strength of said resin is 1300 to 2800 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.

15 4. The cleaning tool for optical fiber connector according to claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein:

said resin is a fiber reinforced resin.

5. The cleaning tool for optical fiber connector according to claim 4, wherein:

20 said fiber reinforced resin is made of polyamide resin and glass short fiber.

6. The cleaning tool for optical fiber connector of anyone according to claims 1 to 5, wherein:

the diameter of said support is 1 mm or less.

7. The cleaning tool for optical fiber connector of anyone according  
25 to claims 2 to 6, wherein:

said body has a polygonal cross-section.

8. The cleaning tool for optical fiber connector of anyone according to claims 2 to 7, wherein:

the minimum cross-section width of said body is 2.5 mm or more.



Application No: GB 0008913.6  
Claims searched: 1-8

Examiner: Chris Archer  
Date of search: 21 July 2000

## Patents Act 1977 Search Report under Section 17

### Databases searched:

UK Patent Office collections, including GB, EP, WO & US patent specifications, in:  
UK Cl (Ed.R): A4F  
Int Cl (Ed.7): B08B (1/00, 1/04, 7/00, 11/00)  
Other: ONLINE: WPI, EPODOC, JAPIO

### Documents considered to be relevant:

Category	Identity of document and relevant passage	Relevant to claims
X	GB 2322292 A (FURUKAWA) see in particular Fig. 1A and page 3 line 27 to page 4 line 2.	1 at least
X	US 4637089 (SCHWARZ) see whole document	1
X	PAJ abstract of JP 620108213 A (SUMITOMO) 19.05.87 (see abstract)	1 at least

X	Document indicating lack of novelty or inventive step	A	Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.
Y	Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of same category.	P	Document published on or after the declared priority date but before the filing date of this invention.
&	Member of the same patent family	E	Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier than, the filing date of this application.

4/7/1 (Item 1 from file: 351)  
DIALOG(R)File 351:Derwent WPI  
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013509593 \*\*Image available\*\*  
WPI Acc No: 2000-681539/200067

Cleaning tool for optical fiber connector comprises a bar form  
stem and a support thinner than the stem

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Inventor: SATO D

Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week
GB 2349070	A	20001025	GB 20008913	A	20000411	200067 B
JP 2000304975	A	20001102	JP 99116811	A	19990423	200106

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 99116811 A 19990423

Patent Details:

Patent No	Kind	Lan	Pg	Main IPC	Filing Notes
GB 2349070	A	15		B08B-001/04	
JP 2000304975	A	5		G02B-006/38	

Abstract (Basic): GB 2349070 A

NOVELTY - A cleaning tool comprises a bar form stem (1) and a support (2) thinner than the stem, both being made of resin integrally in series in the longitudinal direction. The outside of the support is covered with cleaning cloth (3) made of ultra fine filament bundle having a maximum fiber size of 0.1 denier.

USE - For optical fiber connector.

ADVANTAGE - The invention exhibits excellent cleaning effect without flexing or bending easily during the cleaning operation including rotational or **reciprocating** motion.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a manufacturing step of the cleaning tool.

Bar form stem (1)

Support (2)

Cleaning cloth (3)

Body (11)

Auxiliary portion (12)

pp; 15 DwgNo 1A/6

Derwent Class: A89; P43

International Patent Class (Main): B08B-001/04; G02B-006/38

International Patent Class (Additional): B08B-011/00

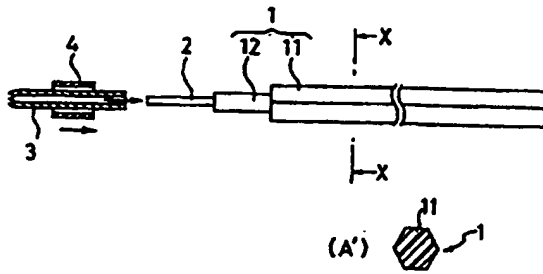
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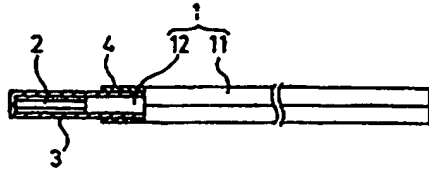
4/69/1 (Item 1 from file: 351)  
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(A)



(B)



(C)

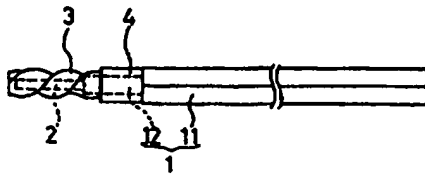


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